

PI : PRODUCTION AND INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING*Duration: Three Hours**Maximum Marks: 100***Read the following instructions carefully.**

1. This question paper contains **16** pages including blank pages for rough work. Please check all pages and report discrepancy, if any.
2. Write your registration number, your name and name of the examination centre at the specified locations on the right half of the **Optical Response Sheet (ORS)**.
3. Using **HB pencil**, darken the appropriate bubble under each digit of your registration number and the letters corresponding to your paper code.
4. All questions in this paper are of objective type.
5. Questions must be answered on the **ORS** by darkening the appropriate bubble (marked A, B, C, D) using **HB pencil** against the question number on the left hand side of the **ORS**. **For each question darken the bubble of the correct answer.** In case you wish to change an answer, erase the old answer completely. More than one answer bubbled against a question will be treated as an incorrect response.
6. There are a total of **65** questions carrying **100** marks.
7. Questions **Q.1 – Q.25** will carry **1-mark** each, and questions **Q.26 – Q.55** will carry **2-marks** each.
8. Questions **Q.48 – Q.51** (2 pairs) are common data questions and question pairs (**Q.52, Q.53**) and (**Q.54, Q.55**) are linked answer questions. The answer to the second question of the linked answer questions depends on the answer to the first question of the pair. If the first question in the linked pair is wrongly answered or is un-attempted, then the answer to the second question in the pair will not be evaluated.
9. Questions **Q.56 – Q.65** belong to **General Aptitude (GA)**. Questions **Q.56 – Q.60** will carry **1-mark** each, and questions **Q.61 – Q.65** will carry **2-marks** each. The **GA** questions will begin on a fresh page starting from page **12**.
10. **Un-attempted** questions will carry zero marks.
11. Wrong answers will carry **NEGATIVE** marks. For **Q.1 – Q.25** and **Q.56 – Q.60**, $\frac{1}{2}$ mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. For **Q.26 – Q.51** and **Q.61 – Q.65**, $\frac{2}{3}$ mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. The question pairs (**Q.52, Q.53**), and (**Q.54, Q.55**) are questions with linked answers. There will be negative marks only for wrong answer to the first question of the linked answer question pair i.e. for **Q.52** and **Q.54**, $\frac{2}{3}$ mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. There is no negative marking for **Q.53** and **Q.55**.
12. Calculator (without data connectivity) is allowed in the examination hall.
13. Charts, graph sheets or tables are **NOT** allowed in the examination hall.
14. Rough work can be done on the question paper itself. Additionally, blank pages are provided at the end of the question paper for rough work.

Q.1 – Q.25 carry one mark each.

- Q.1 During the filling process of a given sand mould cavity by molten metal through a horizontal runner of circular cross-section, the frictional head loss of the molten metal in the runner will increase with the
- (A) increase in runner diameter (B) decrease in internal surface roughness of runner
(C) decrease in length of runner (D) increase in average velocity of molten metal
- Q.2 Solidification time of a metallic alloy casting is
- (A) directly proportional to its surface area
(B) inversely proportional to the specific heat of the cast material
(C) directly proportional to the thermal diffusivity of the mould material
(D) inversely proportional to the pouring temperature
- Q.3 In a rolling process, the roll separating force can be decreased by
- (A) reducing the roll diameter (B) increasing friction between the rolls and the metal
(C) reducing front tension to rolled material (D) providing back-up rolls
- Q.4 Ultrasonic machines, used in material removal processes, require ultrasonic transducers. The transducers work on different working principles. One of the working principles of such ultrasonic transducers is based on
- (A) eddy current effect (B) Seebeck effect
(C) piezo-resistive effect (D) piezo-electric effect
- Q.5 Hot die steel, used for large solid dies in drop forging, should necessarily have
- (A) high strength and high copper content
(B) high hardness and low hardenability
(C) high toughness and low thermal conductivity
(D) high hardness and high thermal conductivity
- Q.6 In powder metallurgy, sintering of a component
- (A) improves strength and reduces hardness (B) reduces brittleness and improves strength
(C) improves hardness and reduces toughness (D) reduces porosity and increases brittleness
- Q.7 Which one among the following statements is TRUE?
- (A) Thermoplastic polymers have cross-linked chain structure.
(B) Thermosetting polymers have covalent bonded three-dimensional structure.
(C) Polyethylene is a thermosetting polymer.
(D) Thermoplastic polymers harden on heating and soften on cooling.
- Q.8 During turning of a low carbon steel bar with TiN coated carbide insert, one needs to improve surface finish without sacrificing material removal rate. To achieve improved surface finish, one should
- (A) decrease nose radius of the cutting tool and increase depth of cut
(B) increase nose radius of the cutting tool
(C) increase feed and decrease nose radius of the cutting tool
(D) increase depth of cut and increase feed

- Q.9 Eutectic composition of iron-carbon alloy always corresponds to its
 (A) lowest melting temperature (B) highest melting temperature
 (C) least carbon percentage (D) highest fracture toughness
- Q.10 As the weight percentage of carbon increases in plain carbon steel, its
 (A) weldability decreases (B) ductility improves
 (C) tensile strength decreases (D) formability improves
- Q.11 Austempering is a heat treatment process that is aimed at obtaining
 (A) martensitic steel (B) bainitic steel
 (C) tempered martensitic steel (D) austenitic steel
- Q.12 A machine component under fluctuating tensile stress, σ (in MPa), is considered to be safe if the average stress, σ_{avg} (in MPa) and the stress amplitude (variable stress), σ_{amp} (in MPa) satisfy the following inequality:

$$\frac{\sigma_{avg}}{360} + \frac{\sigma_{amp}}{210} \leq 1$$
 The machine member is subjected to a stress, $\sigma = 120 + p \sin(20t + 0.5)$. For safe operation of the machine component, the maximum value of p (in MPa) is
 (A) 70 (B) 140 (C) 280 (D) 320
- Q.13 A heat pump is operating between -23°C and 27°C . The compressor power input to the heat pump is 2 kW. The heating COP (coefficient of performance) of the heat pump is 75% of the COP of a Carnot heat pump operating between the same temperatures. The heating power output (in kW) of the heat pump is
 (A) 0.3 (B) 7.5 (C) 9.0 (D) 12.0
- Q.14 Among the given four computerized layout techniques, which one is an *improvement routine technique* requiring a user specified initial layout?
 (A) ALDEP (Automated Layout Design Program)
 (B) CORELAP (Computerized Relationship Layout Planning)
 (C) PLANET (Plant Layout Analysis and Evaluation Technique)
 (D) COFAD (Computerized Facilities Design)
- Q.15 Match phrases in Group I with those in Group II.
- | <u>Group I</u> | <u>Group II</u> |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| P. Lead Time Forecast | 1. Material Requirement Planning |
| Q. Master Production Schedule | 2. Financial Appraisal |
| R. Payback Period | 3. Project Planning |
| S. Early Start Schedule | 4. Inventory Control |
| (A) P-4, Q-1, R-2, S-3 | (B) P-4, Q-2, R-3, S-1 |
| (C) P-1, Q-4, R-2, S-3 | (D) P-1, Q-2, R-4, S-3 |
- Q.16 Which one of the following intellectual properties can be classified as copyrights?
 (A) Patents and Trademarks (B) Industrial Designs
 (C) Trade Secrets (D) Literary and Artistic Expressions

Q.17 The value of q for which the following set of linear algebraic equations

$$2x + 3y = 0$$

$$6x + qy = 0$$

can have non-trivial solution is

- (A) 2 (B) 7 (C) 9 (D) 11

Q.18 If $\{1, 0, -1\}^T$ is an eigenvector of the following matrix,

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

then the corresponding eigenvalue is

- (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 5

Q.19 If $f(x) = \sin|x|$, then the value of $\frac{df}{dx}$ at $x = -\frac{\pi}{4}$ is

- (A) 0 (B) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ (C) $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ (D) 1

Q.20 Which one of the following differential equations has a solution given by the function

$$y = 5 \sin\left(3x + \frac{\pi}{3}\right)?$$

- (A) $\frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{5}{3} \cos(3x) = 0$ (B) $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{5}{3} \cos(3x) = 0$
 (C) $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 9y = 0$ (D) $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 9y = 0$

Q.21 If $f(x + iy) = x^3 - 3xy^2 + i\phi(x, y)$, where $i = \sqrt{-1}$ and $f(x + iy)$ is an analytic function, then $\phi(x, y)$ is

- (A) $y^3 - 3x^2y$ (B) $3x^2y - y^3$ (C) $x^4 - 4x^3y$ (D) $xy - y^2$

Q.22 If a complex number ω satisfies the equation $\omega^3 = 1$, then the value of $1 + \omega + \frac{1}{\omega}$ is

- (A) 0 (B) 1 (C) 2 (D) 4

Q.23 If a random variable X satisfies the Poisson's distribution with a mean value of 2, then the probability that $X \geq 2$ is

- (A) $2e^{-2}$ (B) $1 - 2e^{-2}$ (C) $3e^{-2}$ (D) $1 - 3e^{-2}$

Q.24 The integral $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} dx$ is equal to

- (A) $\frac{1}{2}$ (B) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ (C) 1 (D) ∞

Q.25 The following algorithm computes the integral $J = \int_a^b f(x) dx$ from the given values $f_j = f(x_j)$ at equidistant points: $x_0 = a$; $x_1 = x_0 + h$;; $x_{2m} = x_0 + 2mh = b$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Compute } S_0 &= f_0 + f_{2m} \\ S_1 &= f_1 + f_3 + \dots + f_{2m-1} \\ S_2 &= f_2 + f_4 + \dots + f_{2m-2} \\ J &= \frac{h}{3}(S_0 + 4S_1 + 2S_2) \end{aligned}$$

The rule of numerical integration, which uses the above algorithm, is

- (A) Rectangular rule (B) Trapezoidal rule
(C) Four-point rule (D) Simpson's rule

Q.26 – Q.55 carry two marks each.

Q.26 During open die forging process using two flat and parallel dies, a solid circular steel disc of initial radius (R_{IN}) 200 mm and initial height (H_{IN}) 50 mm attains a height (H_{FN}) of 30 mm and radius of R_{FN} . Along the die-disc interfaces,

i. the coefficient of friction (μ) is: $\mu = 0.35 \left(1 + e^{-\frac{R_{IN}}{R_{FN}}} \right)$

ii. in the region $R_{SS} \leq r \leq R_{FN}$, sliding friction prevails, and

$$p = \sqrt{3} K e^{\frac{2\mu}{H_{FN}}(R_{FN} - r)} \quad \text{and} \quad \tau = \mu p,$$

where p and τ are the normal and the shear stresses, respectively; K is the shear yield strength of steel and r is the radial distance of any point

iii. in the region $0 \leq r \leq R_{SS}$, sticking condition prevails

The value of R_{SS} (in mm), where sticking condition changes to sliding friction, is

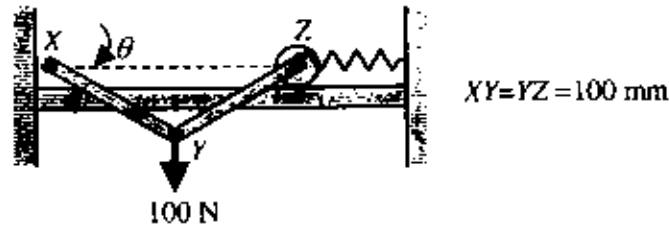
- (A) 241.76 (B) 254.55 (C) 265.45 (D) 278.20

Q.27 Two steel bars, each of diameter 10 mm, are coaxially friction welded, end to end, at an axial pressure of 200 MPa and at a rotational speed of 4000 rpm. The coefficient of friction between the mating faces of the rotating bars is 0.50. The torque is assumed to act at the $3/4^{\text{th}}$ radius of the rotating bar. The power (in kW) consumed at the interface for welding is

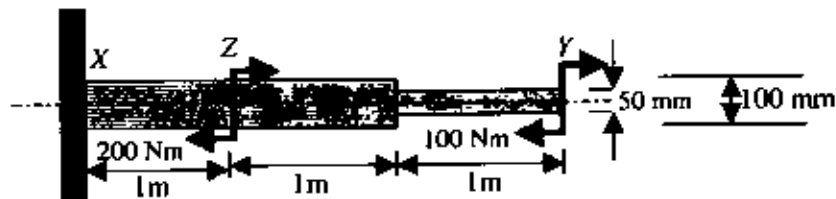
- (A) 12.33 (B) 16.44 (C) 18.50 (D) 24.66

- Q.28 During a steady gas metal arc welding with direct current electrode positive polarity, the welding current, voltage and weld speed are 150 A, 30 V and 6 m/min, respectively. A metallic wire electrode of diameter 1.2 mm is being fed at a constant rate of 12 m/min. The density, specific heat and melting temperature of the wire electrode are 7000 kg/m^3 , $500 \text{ J/kg}^\circ\text{C}$ and 1530°C , respectively. Assume the ambient temperature to be 30°C and neglect the latent heat of melting. Further, consider that two-third of the total electrical power is available for melting of the wire electrode. The melting efficiency (in percentage) of the wire electrode is
- (A) 39.58 (B) 45.25 (C) 49.38 (D) 54.98
- Q.29 The tool geometry of a single point right handed turning tool is provided in the orthogonal rake system (ORS). The sum of the principal (major) cutting edge angle and the auxiliary (minor) cutting edge angle of the above tool is 90° . The inclination angles of the principal and the auxiliary cutting edges are both 0° . The principal and auxiliary orthogonal clearance angles are 10° and 8° , respectively. The rake angle (in degree) measured on the orthogonal plane is
- (A) 0 (B) 2 (C) 8 (D) 10
- Q.30 Keeping all other parameters unchanged, the tool wear in electrical discharge machining (EDM) would be less if the tool material has
- (A) high thermal conductivity and high specific heat
 (B) high thermal conductivity and low specific heat
 (C) low thermal conductivity and low specific heat
 (D) low thermal conductivity and high specific heat
- Q.31 For a 3-axes CNC table, the slide along the vertical axis of the table is driven by a DC servo motor via a lead screw–nut mechanism. The lead screw has a pitch of 5 mm. This lead screw is fitted with a relative (incremental) circular encoder. The basic length unit (BLU) of the slide along the vertical axis of the table is 0.005 mm. When the table moves along the vertical axis by 9 mm, the corresponding number of pulses generated by the encoder is
- (A) 1400 (B) 1800 (C) 4200 (D) 9000
- Q.32 A small bore is designated as 25H7. The lower (minimum) and upper (maximum) limits of the bore are 25.000 mm and 25.021 mm, respectively. When the bore is designated as 25H8, then the upper (maximum) limit is 25.033 mm. When the bore is designated as 25H6, then the upper (maximum) limit of the bore (in mm) is
- (A) 25.001 (B) 25.005 (C) 25.009 (D) 25.013
- Q.33 A gear with involute tooth profile has 50 teeth and module 2. It is in mesh with a pinion having 20 teeth. The pressure angle is 20° . The base circle diameter (in mm) of the pinion is
- (A) 33.828 (B) 37.587 (C) 42.567 (D) 93.969
- Q.34 The length of time, during which a particular piece of equipment operates before failure, is a random variable with the distribution function given as: $F(t) = 1 - e^{-0.5t}$. Assume 100 pieces of the equipment are placed into service in year 0. Out of the units, which survive the first 4 years, the units (in percentage) that will fail during year 5 is
- (A) 37 (B) 39 (C) 41 (D) 43
- Q.35 Euler's method of integration is applied to the initial value problem: $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x$; $y(0) = 0$. If the step size $h = 0.2$, then the error in computation (in percentage) after 5 steps would be
- (A) 0 (B) 10 (C) 20 (D) 30

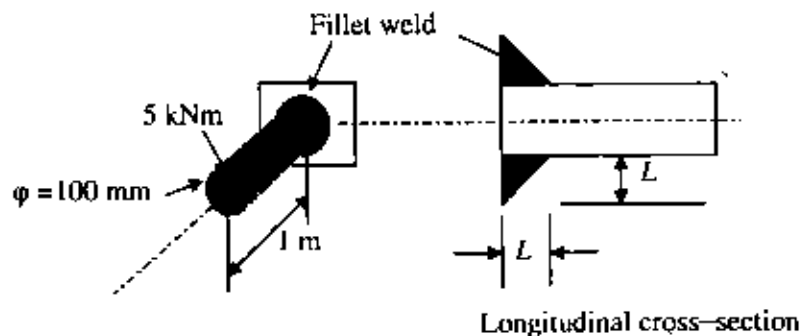
- Q.36 A rigid massless link YZ of length 100 mm is connected at one end to another massless link XY of the same length by means of a frictionless hinge at Y and at the other end to a frictionless roller, as shown in the following figure. The link XY is connected to the wall by means of a frictionless hinge at point X . The roller is connected to a massless linear spring with a spring constant 10 kN/m. A point force of 100 N is applied at point Y as shown in the figure. At equilibrium, each of the links XY and YZ makes an angle $\theta = 30^\circ$ with the horizontal. Under this situation, the stretch of the spring (in mm) is



- (A) $\frac{5}{3}\sqrt{3}$ (B) $\frac{5}{2}\sqrt{3}$ (C) $5\sqrt{3}$ (D) $10\sqrt{3}$
- Q.37 A cantilever beam XY is made of a stepped circular shaft of diameters 100 mm and 50 mm, as shown in the following figure. The cantilever is subjected to two concentrated bending moments, one of 100 Nm at point Y and another of 200 Nm at point Z . The maximum bending stress (in MPa) experienced by the cantilever is



- (A) 1.02 (B) 3.06 (C) 8.15 (D) 16.30
- Q.38 A 1 m long cylindrical shaft of diameter 100 mm is joined to the wall by means of fillet weld as shown in the following figure. The shaft is designed to carry a torque of 5 kNm at the free end. If the allowable shear stress of the weld material is 80 MPa, then the minimum value of the size, L (shown in the following figure), of the fillet (in mm) is



- (A) 3.97 (B) 5.63 (C) 7.95 (D) 11.45
- Q.39 In a steam power plant, the turbine power output is 1 MW while the boiler heat input is at the rate of 2.5 MW. The pump power input is negligibly small. In the condenser, exhaust steam from the turbine rejects heat to a steady flow of cooling water, which enters the condenser at 25°C and leaves at 40°C . Ignore kinetic and potential energy effects for the cooling water. The specific heat of cooling water is 4 kJ/kgK. The required mass flow rate (in kg/s) of cooling water is
- (A) 1.5 (B) 2.5 (C) 15 (D) 25

- Q.40 Nitrogen gas flows over a flat surface, which is maintained at a temperature (T_w) of 300 K. The temperature distribution within the boundary layer is expressed as:

$$\frac{T - T_w}{T_\infty - T_w} = 1 - e^{-3500y}$$

where y (in m) is the distance normal to the surface, the free stream nitrogen gas temperature (T_∞) is 400 K and T is the Nitrogen gas temperature within the boundary layer at a given y . The thermal conductivity of nitrogen is 0.03 W/mK. The resulting average convective heat transfer coefficient (in W/m²K) is

- (A) 52 (B) 105 (C) 1050 (D) 3500
- Q.41 Consider steady and incompressible flow of water through a tapered pipe from section 1 to section 2. The pipe has a diameter of 0.25 m and a centre-line elevation of 25 m at section 1 and a diameter of 0.35 m and a centre-line elevation of 20 m at section 2. Consider head loss between section 1 and section 2 to be negligibly small. Pressure at section 1 is 120 kPa. The acceleration due to gravity is 10 m/s² and density of water is 1000 kg/m³. For a flow rate of 0.2 m³/s, the pressure at section 2 (in kPa) is
- (A) 56 (B) 112 (C) 176 (D) 232
- Q.42 If annual demand, ordering cost and carrying cost become four times of their respective original values, then the economic order quantity (EOQ)

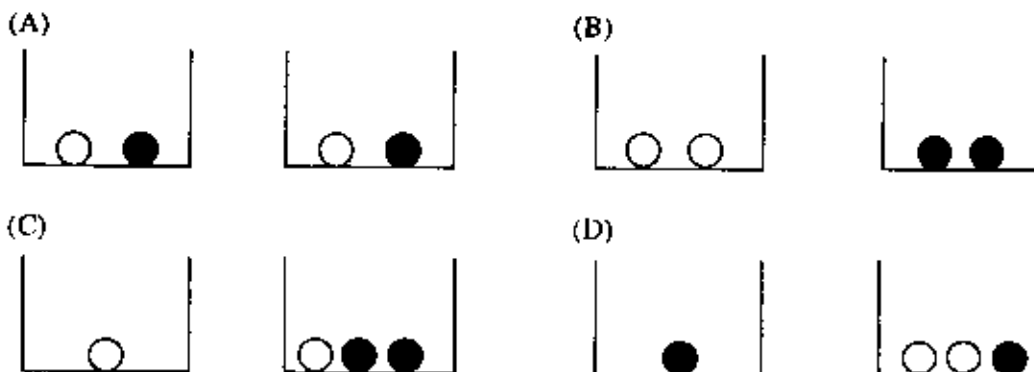
- (A) remains the same (B) gets halved (C) gets doubled (D) becomes four times

- Q.43 The solution of the differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} - y^2 = 1$$

satisfying the condition $y(0) = 1$ is

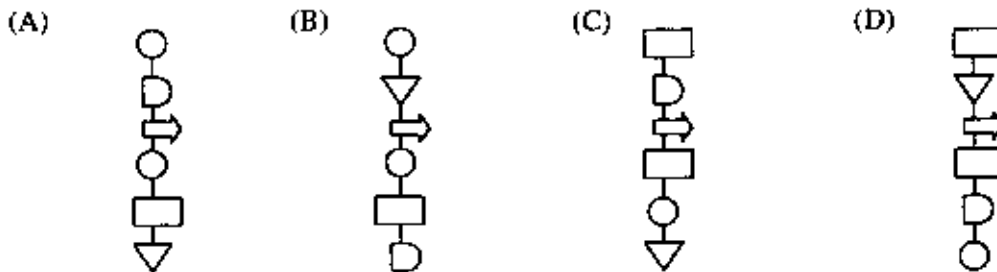
- (A) $y = e^{x^2}$ (B) $y = \sqrt{x}$ (C) $y = \cot\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$ (D) $y = \tan\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$
- Q.44 Two white and two black balls, kept in two bins, are arranged in four ways as shown below. In each arrangement, a bin has to be chosen randomly and only one ball needs to be picked randomly from the chosen bin. Which one of the following arrangements has the highest probability for getting a white ball picked?



Q.45 An industrial process consists of the following six activities

1. Casting
2. Wait
3. To Buffing
4. Buffing
5. Inspection
6. Store

The correct flow process chart for this process is



Q.46 A batch of 10,000 raw work units is processed through 20 operations, each of which has a fraction defect rate of 0.05. The defect-free units and the number of defects in the final batch are, respectively,

- (A) 3285 and 6715 (B) 3385 and 6615 (C) 3485 and 6515 (D) 3585 and 6415

Q.47 Match the following groups most appropriately.

Group I

- E. Strategic decision
- F. Bullwhip effect
- G. Flexible manufacturing system
- H. Tactical decision
- I. Operational decision

- (A) E-3, F-4, G-2, H-5, I-1
 (C) E-4, F-1, G-5, H-3, I-2

Group II

- 1. Production scheduling
- 2. Reduce manufacturing lead time
- 3. Plant layout
- 4. Price fluctuations
- 5. Inventory policies

- (B) E-4, F-5, G-1, H-2, I-3
 (D) E-3, F-1, G-2, H-5, I-4

Common Data Questions

Common Data for Questions 48 and 49:

A machine shop processes custom orders from variety of clients. A machining centre in a job shop for a local manufacturing company has five unprocessed jobs remaining at a particular point in time. The jobs are labelled $J_1, J_2, J_3, J_4,$ and J_5 in the order they entered the shop. The respective processing times and due dates are given in the table below:

Job	Processing time (in days)	Due date (in days)
J_1	13	65
J_2	32	48
J_3	34	34
J_4	4	36
J_5	5	35

- Q.48 When the jobs are assumed to enter the shop in the sequence of SPT (Shortest Processing Time), the mean flow time and average tardiness, respectively, are
 (A) 35.4 and 12 (B) 37.4 and 13 (C) 39.4 and 14 (D) 41.4 and 15
- Q.49 When the jobs are assumed to enter in the sequence of EDD (Earliest Due Date), the number of tardy jobs is
 (A) 0 (B) 1 (C) 3 (D) 4

Common Data for Questions 50 and 51:

A company is engaged in producing and selling a single product. The fixed cost of the product is F per period. The selling price for the product is S per unit. The variable cost is V per unit, which is half of the selling price, i.e., $S/2$ per unit. The company has computed its Break Even Sales in monetary units. Not being satisfied with this Break Even Sales, the company has decided to increase its selling price from S to $1.5S$. The company has again computed the new Break Even Sales in monetary units keeping the fixed cost (F) and variable cost ($S/2$ per unit) of the product same.

- Q.50 The ratio of new to old Break Even Sales is
 (A) 0.25 (B) 0.50 (C) 0.75 (D) 1.50
- Q.51 The firm desires to make a profit equal to the fixed cost of the product. In this scenario, the ratio of new to old Required Sales Volume is
 (A) 0.25 (B) 0.50 (C) 0.75 (D) 1.50

Linked Answer Questions**Statement for Linked Answer Questions 52 and 53:**

Consider the following Linear Programming problem:

$$\text{Maximize } Z = 3x_1 + 5x_2 + 8x_3$$

Subject to:

$$x_1 + 5x_2 \leq 10$$

$$x_3 \leq 20$$

$$x_1 \geq 0; \quad x_2 \geq 0; \quad x_3 \geq 0$$

- Q.52 Apart from the non-negativity criteria, the dual problem for the given Linear Programming problem consists of
- (A) 2 constraints and both of them are of \leq type
(B) 2 constraints and both of them are of \geq type
(C) 3 constraints and all of them are of \leq type
(D) 3 constraints and all of them are of \geq type
- Q.53 The value of the objective function after solving the dual problem is
- (A) 160 (B) 170 (C) 190 (D) 210

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 54 and 55:

In orthogonal turning of an engineering alloy, it has been observed that the friction force acting at the chip-tool interface is 402.5 N and the friction force is also perpendicular to the cutting velocity vector. The feed velocity is negligibly small with respect to the cutting velocity. The ratio of friction force to normal force associated with the chip-tool interface is 1. The uncut chip thickness is 0.2 mm and the chip thickness is 0.4 mm. The cutting velocity is 2 m/s.

- Q.54 The shear force (in N) acting along the primary shear plane is
- (A) 180.0 (B) 240.0 (C) 360.5 (D) 402.5
- Q.55 Assume that the energy expended during machining is completely converted to heat. The rate of heat generation (in W) at the primary shear plane is
- (A) 180.5 (B) 200.5 (C) 302.5 (D) 402.5

General Aptitude (GA) Questions**Q.56 – Q.60 carry one mark each.**

Q.56 *Choose the most appropriate word from the options given below to complete the following sentence:*

His rather casual remarks on politics _____ his lack of seriousness about the subject.

- (A) masked
- (B) belied
- (C) betrayed
- (D) suppressed

Q.57 *Which of the following options is the closest in meaning to the word below:*

Circuitous

- (A) cyclic
- (B) indirect
- (C) confusing
- (D) crooked

Q.58 *Choose the most appropriate word from the options given below to complete the following sentence:*

If we manage to _____ our natural resources, we would leave a better planet for our children.

- (A) uphold
- (B) restrain
- (C) cherish
- (D) conserve

Q.59 25 persons are in a room. 15 of them play hockey, 17 of them play football and 10 of them play both hockey and football. Then the number of persons playing neither hockey nor football is:

- (A) 2 (B) 17 (C) 13 (D) 3

Q.60 *The question below consists of a pair of related words followed by four pairs of words. Select the pair that best expresses the relation in the original pair.*

Unemployed : Worker

- (A) fallow : land
- (B) unaware : sleeper
- (C) wit : jester
- (D) renovated : house

Q.61 – Q.65 carry two marks each.

Q.61 If $137 + 276 = 435$ how much is $731 + 672$?

- (A) 534 (B) 1403 (C) 1623 (D) 1513

- Q.62 Hari (H), Gita (G), Irfan (I) and Saira (S) are siblings (i.e. brothers and sisters). All were born on 1st January. The age difference between any two successive siblings (that is born one after another) is less than 3 years. Given the following facts:
- Hari's age + Gita's age > Irfan's age + Saira's age.
 - The age difference between Gita and Saira is 1 year. However, Gita is not the oldest and Saira is not the youngest.
 - There are no twins.

In what order were they born (oldest first)?

- (A) HSI G (B) SGHI (C) IGS H (D) IHS G
- Q.63 **Modern warfare has changed from large scale clashes of armies to suppression of civilian populations. Chemical agents that do their work silently appear to be suited to such warfare; and regrettably, there exist people in military establishments who think that chemical agents are useful tools for their cause.**

Which of the following statements best sums up the meaning of the above passage:

- (A) Modern warfare has resulted in civil strife.
(B) Chemical agents are useful in modern warfare.
(C) Use of chemical agents in warfare would be undesirable.
(D) People in military establishments like to use chemical agents in war.
- Q.64 5 skilled workers can build a wall in 20 days; 8 semi-skilled workers can build a wall in 25 days; 10 unskilled workers can build a wall in 30 days. If a team has 2 skilled, 6 semi-skilled and 5 unskilled workers, how long will it take to build the wall?
- (A) 20 days (B) 18 days (C) 16 days (D) 15 days
- Q.65 Given digits 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4 how many distinct 4 digit numbers greater than 3000 can be formed?
- (A) 50 (B) 51 (C) 52 (D) 54

END OF THE QUESTION PAPER

Space for Rough Work

Space for Rough Work

Space for Rough Work

SEAL